

# **Chapter 30a – Hiphil Strong**

Statistics for the Hiphil Stem in the Hebrew Bible

<b>Total Occurrences</b>	<b>9,483</b>
<b>In the Perfect</b>	<b>2,680</b>
<b>In the Imperfect</b>	<b>4,058</b>
<b>In the Imperative</b>	<b>741</b>
<b>In the Infinitive Construct</b>	<b>948</b>
<b>In the Infinitive Absolute</b>	<b>221</b>
<b>In the Participle</b>	<b>835</b>



# Chapter 30b – Hiphil Strong

## Ten Most Frequent Verbs in the Hiphil Stem

- בוא** (Q) to go in, enter, come to; (Hi) bring (in), come (in) (557x in the Hiphil)
- נכה** (Hi) to strike, smite, beat, strike dead, destroy, injure (482x in the Hiphil)
- שוב** (Q) to turn back, return, go back; (Hi) cause to return, bring back, give back (364x in the Hiphil)
- נגד** (Hi) to tell, announce, report, declare, inform (336x in the Hiphil)
- יצא** (Q) to go (come) out, go (come) forth; (Hi) cause to go (come) out, bring forth (282x in the Hiphil)
- עלה** (Q) to go up, ascend; (Hi) bring or lead up or out, offer up (sacrifice); (260x in the Hiphil)
- נצל** (Hi) tear from, take away, deliver from (191x in the Hiphil)
- ישע** (Hi) help, save, deliver, rescue, come to the aid of (184x in the Hiphil)
- קרב** (Q) to approach, draw near; (Hi) bring (near), present, offer a sacrifice (177x in the Hiphil)
- ילד** (Q) to bear (children), give birth, beget; (Hi) beget, become the father of (176x in the Hiphil)



# Chapter 30c – Hiphil Strong

## Meaning of the Hiphil Stem

1. **Causative** - causative type of action with an active voice

In the Qal, זָכַר translates “he remembered”

In the Hiphil, הִזְכִּיר translates “he caused to remember” or “he reminded”

2. **Simple Action** - preserves the simple action of the Qal

In the Qal, שָׁמַר translates “he arose early”

In the Hiphil, הִשְׁמִיר translates “he arose early”

3. **Declarative** - the subject of the verb declares someone or something to be in a certain condition or state of being

In the Qal, רָשַׁע translates “he was guilty”

In the Hiphil, הִרְשִׁיעַ translates “he declared guilty”

4. **Factitive** - makes an intransitive Qal verb *transitive*

In the Qal, גָּדַל translates “he was great”

In the Hiphil, הִגְדִּיל translates “he made (someone) great”



# Chapter 30d – Hiphil Strong

## Perfect

*Hiphil Perfect  
Strong Verb*

הִקְטִיל / הִקְטִילָהּ

	<i>Qal</i>	<i>Hiphil</i>	<i>Translation</i>
<i>3ms</i>	קָטַל	הִקְטִיל	he caused to kill
<i>3fs</i>	קָטַלָּהּ	הִקְטִילָהּ	she caused to kill
<i>2ms</i>	קָטַלְתָּ	הִקְטַלְתָּ	you caused to kill
<i>2fs</i>	קָטַלְתְּ	הִקְטַלְתְּ	you caused to kill
<i>1cs</i>	קָטַלְתִּי	הִקְטַלְתִּי	I caused to kill
<i>3cp</i>	קָטַלוּ	הִקְטִילוּ	they caused to kill
<i>2mp</i>	קָטַלְתֶּם	הִקְטַלְתֶּם	you caused to kill
<i>2fp</i>	קָטַלְתֶּן	הִקְטַלְתֶּן	you caused to kill
<i>1cp</i>	קָטַלְנוּ	הִקְטַלְנוּ	we caused to kill



# Chapter 30e – Hiphil Strong

## Imperfect

*Hiphil Imperfect  
Strong Verb*

יִקְטֹל

	<i>Qal</i>	<i>Hiphil</i>	<i>Translation</i>
<i>3ms</i>	יִקְטֹל	יִקְטֹל	he will cause to kill
<i>3fs</i>	תִּקְטֹל	תִּקְטֹל	she will cause to kill
<i>2ms</i>	תִּקְטֹל	תִּקְטֹל	you will cause to kill
<i>2fs</i>	תִּקְטְלִי	תִּקְטְלִי	you will cause to kill
<i>1cs</i>	אֶקְטֹל	אֶקְטֹל	I will cause to kill
<i>3mp</i>	יִקְטְלוּ	יִקְטְלוּ	they will cause to kill
<i>3fp</i>	תִּקְטְלֶנָּה	תִּקְטְלֶנָּה	they will cause to kill
<i>2mp</i>	תִּקְטְלוּ	תִּקְטְלוּ	you will cause to kill
<i>2fp</i>	תִּקְטְלֶנָּה	תִּקְטְלֶנָּה	you will cause to kill
<i>1cp</i>	נִקְטֹל	נִקְטֹל	we will cause to kill



# Chapter 30f – Hiphil Strong

## Imperative

*Hiphil Imperative  
Strong Verb*

הִקְטִילִי or הִקְטִיל

	<i>Qal</i>	<i>Hiphil</i>	<i>Translation</i>
<i>2ms</i>	קְטֹל	הִקְטִיל	cause to kill!
<i>2fs</i>	קְטִילִי	הִקְטִילִי	cause to kill!
<i>2mp</i>	קְטֹלוּ	הִקְטִילוּ	cause to kill!
<i>2fp</i>	קְטִילְנָה	הִקְטִילְנָה	cause to kill!



# Chapter 30g – Hiphil Strong

## Infinitives

Only the stem vowel will distinguish the Infinitive Construct from the Infinitive Absolute.

*Hiphil Infinitive  
Construct*

הִקְטִיל

*Hiphil Infinitive  
Absolute*

הִקְטִיל



# Chapter 30h – Hiphil Strong

## Participle

*Hiphil Participle  
Strong Verb*

מְקַטֵּיל

	<i>Qal</i>	<i>Hiphil</i>	<i>Translation</i>
<i>ms</i>	קַטֵּיל	מְקַטֵּיל	causing to kill
<i>fs</i>	קַטֵּילַת	מְקַטֵּילַת	causing to kill
<i>mp</i>	קַטֵּילִים	מְקַטֵּילִים	causing to kill
<i>fp</i>	קַטֵּילוֹת	מְקַטֵּילוֹת	causing to kill





# Chapter 30i – Hiphil Strong

## Participle Prefixes in the Derived Stems

<i>Stem</i>	<i>Prefix</i>	<i>Example</i>
Niphal	נִ	נִקְטָל
Piel	פִּ	פִּקְטָל
Pual	פּוּ	פּוּקְטָל
<b>Hiphil</b>	פִּ	פִּקְטִיל
Hophal (u-class)	פּוּ	פּוּקְטָל
(o-class)	פּוֹ	פּוֹקְטָל
Hithpael	פִּתִּ	פִּתִּקְטָל



# Chapter 30j – Hiphil Strong

## Summary of Hiphil Strong Verb Diagnostics

<i>Perfect</i>	<i>Imperfect</i>	<i>Imperative</i>	<i>Infinitive Construct</i>	<i>Infinitive Absolute</i>	<i>Participle</i>
הִקְטִיל הִקְטִילְתָּ	יִקְטִיל	הִקְטִיל הִקְטִילִי	הִקְטִיל	הִקְטִיל	מִקְטִיל
הִקְטִיל	יִקְטִיל	הִקְטִיל	הִקְטִיל	הִקְטִיל	מִקְטִיל
הִקְטִילָהּ	תִּקְטִיל	הִקְטִילִי			מִקְטִילָתָּ
הִקְטִילְתָּ	תִּקְטִיל	הִקְטִילוּ			מִקְטִילִים
הִקְטִילְתָּ	תִּקְטִילִי	הִקְטִילְנָה			מִקְטִילוֹת
הִקְטִילְתִּי	אִקְטִיל				
הִקְטִילוּ	יִקְטִילוּ				
הִקְטִילְתֶּם	תִּקְטִילְנָה				
הִקְטִילְתֶּן	תִּקְטִילוּ				
הִקְטִילְנוּ	תִּקְטִילְנָה				
	נִקְטִיל				



# Chapter 30k – Hiphil Strong

## The הִ and הַ Prefixes in the Hiphil Stem

It is important to be able to recognize in which forms the הִ and the הַ prefixes occur in the Hiphil stem.

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Perfect 3ms	הִקְטִיל
Imperative ms	הַקְטִיל
Infinitive Construct	הַקְטִיל
Infinitive Absolute	הַקְטִיל

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# Chapter 30I – Hiphil Strong

The Qal and Hiphil Stems: A Point of Possible Confusion in the Imperfect

Hiphil Imperfect verbs have Pathach under the preformative.



I-Guttural (Type 2) Qal Imperfect verbs have the same preformative vowel.



The stem vowels will distinguish between the Qal (Holem) and Hiphil (Hireq Yod) stems.



# Chapter 30m – Hiphil Strong

## The Niphal and Hiphil Stems: A Point of Possible Confusion

The הָ prefix is a diagnostic feature of the Hiphil Perfect. It also marks the Niphal Imperative, Infinitive Construct and one form of the Infinitive Absolute. Given that certain Hiphil and Niphal forms have the הָ prefix in common, other diagnostic features must be used to distinguish between the Hiphil and Niphal forms.

Hiphil Perfect 3ms

הִקְטִיל

Niphal Imperative ms  
and Infinitive Construct

הִקְטִיל

Niphal Infinitive  
Absolute

הִקְטִיל

